## 6.75 Schema Changes

Last Modified on 28/10/2021 2:16 pm ACDT

Schema changes between CareRight V6.74.1 and 6.75

#### New Tables/Views

In order to provide more stability when creating Datasets, we have now provided new views or replacements as views for:

- v\_receipts
- v\_refunds
- v\_transactions
- proda\_settings
- proda\_access\_tokens

This will allow us moving forward to change internal schema, without affecting DataSets or Reporting.

#### Substantial changes

Combined Payments, Batch Payments should now be accessed via the Receipts view (v\_receipts)

Direct use of the Statements table for this information is **deprecated**.

Direct use of underlying tables, where a corresponding view exists, is now deprecated.

Unallocated Amount > statement\_account\_type previously "Patient Account" is now reported as "Combined Payment"

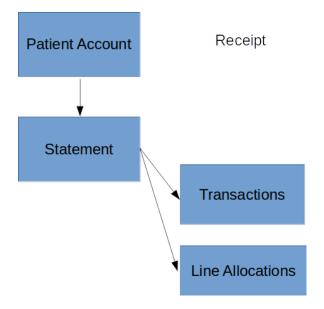
Unallocated Amount > type when previously "Combined" is now reported as "Credit"

Dataset table "Credits and debits" previously incorrectly reported "type" as "Credit" for refunds. They are now reported as "Debit".

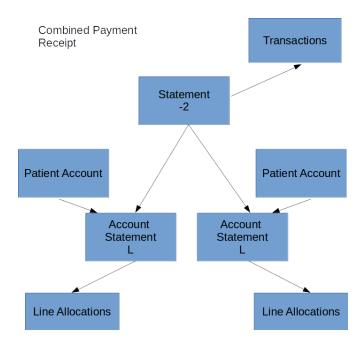
Unallocated amount with type "Combined" is now reported as type "Credit".

### Previous State - Receipts & Refunds

A receipt for a single account was represented in this structure.

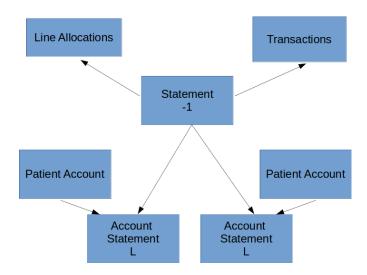


A Combined Payment was modelled as below:



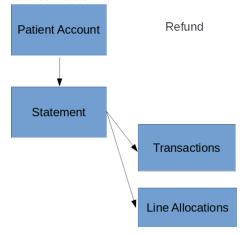
And a Batch Payment Receipt was a structure like this:

#### Batch Payment Receipt



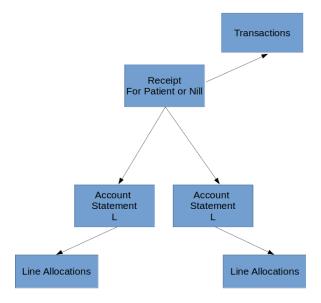
Problematically, this lead to a large number of 'statement' records with fundamentally different behaviours based on flags.

#### Refunds were similar:



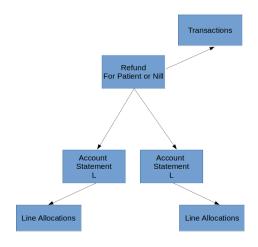
## Current State - Receipt & Refund models

To simplify this, statement data was migrated to a cleaner Receipt structure.



Location derived from transactions
Patient accounts on Account Statement Lines

#### Refund Model



Location derived from transactions
Patient accounts on Account Statement Lines

### Data Migration

For reference the following migration SQL was used; in this sequence. The SQL Server variation is used; with Postgres migrations being logically equivalent.

# **Medicare Payment Reports**

```
update a set

receipt_id = b.stat_no

from medicare_payment_reports a

join f_statement b on a.statement_id = b.stat_no

where b.stat_type = 'C' and b.stat_debit = 0 and b.stat_credit > 0
```

#### Convert Combined Payments

```
INSERT INTO receipts(
  id,
  [number],
  patient id,
  guarantor_id,
  amount,
  [date],
  reversed,
  batch_account_id,
  note,
  detail,
  original_receipt_id,
  gst_deposit,
  medical provider id,
  created at,
  updated_at
 )
select
a.stat no id,
a.stat ref[number],
null patient_id,
null guarantor_id,
a.stat_credit amount,
a.stat_date [date],
case when a.stat_display = 0 and a.stat_status = 'A' then true else false end reversed,
nullif(a.stat_batch_number, ") AS batch_account_id,
a.stat_note AS note,
a.stat_detail detail,
a.original_statement_id original_receipt_id,
case when a.stat_gst_deposit = 1 then true else false end gst_deposit,
a.stat_ass_numb medical_provider_id,
coalesce(a.created_at, a.stat_date_created, a.stat_date) created_at,
coalesce(a.updated at, a.stat date created, a.stat date) updated at
from F STATEMENT a
where a.stat_p_acc_ref = -2
```

### 1) Link Transactions to Receipts - SQL Server

```
update a set
    receipt_id = c.id
from f_transaction a
    join f_statement b on a.trans_stat_no = b.stat_no
    join receipts c on c.id = a.trans_stat_no
    where b.stat_p_acc_ref = -2
```

#### 2) Link L Records to Receipts - SQL server

```
update a set
    receipt_id = c.id
from f_statement a
    join F_STATEMENT b on a.stat_ref = b.stat_ref and b.stat_p_acc_ref = -2
    join receipts c on c.id = b.stat_no
    where a.stat_type = 'L' and a.stat_p_acc_ref not in (-1,-2,-3,-4,-5)
```

```
update a set
reversal_reason = case when a.reversal_reason is null or a.reversal_reason = "then b.reversal_reason else a.rev
ersal_reason end
from f_statement a
join F_STATEMENT b on a.stat_ref = b.stat_ref and b.stat_p_acc_ref in (-1, -2)
where a.stat_type = 'L' and a.stat_p_acc_ref not in (-1,-2,-3,-4,-5) and a.stat_display = 0 and a.stat_status = 'A'
```

### 4) Delete old combined payments

```
delete from f_statement where stat_p_acc_ref = -2
```

### Convert Legecy receipts - Create

```
INSERT INTO receipts(
  id.
  [number],
  patient id,
  guarantor_id,
  amount,
  [date],
  reversed,
  batch_account_id,
  note,
  detail,
  original_receipt_id,
  gst_deposit,
  medical_provider_id,
  created_at,
  updated_at
 )
select
a.stat_no id,
a.stat_ref[number],
c.id patient id,
null guarantor id,
a.stat credit amount,
a.stat date [date],
case when a.stat display = 0 and a.stat status = 'A' then true else false end reversed,
nullif(a.stat batch number, ") AS batch account id,
a.stat note AS note,
a.stat_detail detail,
a.original_statement_id original_receipt_id,
case when a.stat_gst_deposit = 1 then true else false end gst_deposit,
a.stat_ass_numb medical_provider_id,
coalesce(a.created_at, a.stat_date_created, a.stat_date) created_at,
coalesce(a.updated_at, a.stat_date_created, a.stat_date) updated_at
from f_statement a
join people b on a.stat_pt_numb = b.unique_id
join patients c on c.person_id = b.id
where a.stat_credit > 0 and a.stat_type in ('C') and a.stat_p_acc_ref > 0 and a.stat_p_acc_ref not in(-1,-2,-3,-4,-5)
```

```
update a set

receipt_id = c.id

from f_transaction a

join f_statement b on a.trans_stat_no = b.stat_no

join receipts c on c.id = a.trans_stat_no

where b.stat_credit > 0 and b.stat_type in ('C') and b.stat_p_acc_ref > 0 and b.stat_p_acc_ref not in(-1,-2,-3,-4,-5)
```

2) Modify statement records into Line records

```
update a set

receipt_id = c.id,

stat_type = 'L',

was_receipt = #{Healthsolve::SQLHelper.sql_true}

from f_statement a

join receipts c on c.id = a.stat_no

where a.stat_credit > 0 and a.stat_type in ('C') and a.stat_p_acc_ref > 0 and a.stat_p_acc_ref not in(-1,-2,-3,-4,-5)
```

#### Convert Batch Payments

```
INSERT INTO receipts(
  id.
  [number],
  patient_id,
  guarantor_id,
  amount,
  [date],
  reversed,
  batch_account_id,
  note,
  detail,
  original_receipt_id,
  gst_deposit,
  medical provider id,
  created at,
  updated_at
)
select
a.stat no id,
a.stat_ref[number],
null patient_id,
cast(b.batch_to as int) guarantor_id,
a.stat_credit amount,
a.stat_date [date],
case when a.stat_display = 0 and a.stat_status = 'A' then true else false end reversed,
nullif(a.stat_batch_number, ") AS batch_account_id,
a.stat_note AS note,
a.stat detail detail,
a.original statement id original receipt id,
case when a.stat_gst_deposit = 1 then true else false end gst_deposit,
a.stat_ass_numb medical_provider_id,
coalesce(a.created_at, a.stat_date_created, a.stat_date) created_at,
coalesce(a.updated_at, a.stat_date_created, a.stat_date) updated_at
from f statement a
left join F_BATCH_ACCOUNT b on b.batch_number = a.stat_batch_number
where a.stat_p_acc_ref = -1
```

```
update a set
    receipt_id = c.id

from f_transaction a
    join f_statement b on a.trans_stat_no = b.stat_no
    join receipts c on c.id = a.trans_stat_no

where b.stat_p_acc_ref = -1
```

2) Line allocations must be linked to the corresponding 'L' statement records - SQL Server

```
update a set

was_stat_no = b.stat_no,

la_stat_no = c.stat_no

from f_line_alloc a

join f_line_items f on a.la_line_no = f.line_no

join f_statement b on a.la_stat_no = b.stat_no

join (

select a.la_stat_no, b.line_inv_no, sum(a.la_payment) payment from f_line_alloc a

join f_line_items b on a.la_line_no = b.line_no

group by a.la_stat_no, b.line_inv_no

) d on d.la_stat_no = a.la_stat_no and f.line_inv_no = d.line_inv_no

-- this does not take into account 2 statements for different invoices with the same payment amount

join f_statement c on c.stat_type = 'L' and c.stat_p_acc_ref not in (-1,-2,-3,-4,-5) and b.stat_ref = c.stat_ref and c.

stat_pt_numb = a.la_pt_numb and c.stat_credit = d.payment

where b. stat_p_acc_ref < 0
```

- 3) Line allocation logs must be linked to the corresponding 'L' statement records.
- 3.1) Firstly update the currently valid ones

```
update a set

was_stat_no = a.la_stat_no,

la_stat_no = b.la_stat_no

from line_allocation_logs a

join F_LINE_ALLOC b on a.la_no = b.la_no

where b.was_stat_no is not null
```

3.2) Now try and deal with the historical insert, deletes linked to the batch statement and not the corresponding 'L' statement record

If cant match patient\_account, match patient.

```
update a set
       was_stat_no = a.la_stat_no,
       la_stat_no = coalesce(d.stat_no, f.stat_no)
     from line allocation logs a
     join f_statement b on a.la_stat_no = b.stat_no
     join f_line_items c on c.line_no = a.la_line_no
     join (select b.inv_pt_numb, b.INV_P_ACC_REF, a.*
         from (
             select a.la_stat_no, b.line_inv_no, sum(a.la_payment) payment from line_allocation_logs a
            join f_line_items b on a.la_line_no = b.line_no
            group by a.la_stat_no, b.line_inv_no
            ) a
         join F_INVOICE b on a.LINE_INV_NO = b.inv_no
        ) e on a.la_stat_no = e.la_stat_no and c.LINE_INV_NO = e.LINE_INV_NO
     left join f_statement d on d.stat_type = 'L' and d.stat_p_acc_ref not in (-1,-2,-3,-4,-5) and d.stat_ref = b.stat_ref an
d d.STAT_P_ACC_REF = e.INV_P_ACC_REF
     left join f_statement f on f.stat_type = 'L' and f.stat_p_acc_ref not in (-1,-2,-3,-4,-5) and f.stat_ref = b.stat_ref and f.
stat pt numb = e.inv pt numb
     where a.was stat no is null and b.stat p acc ref < 0
```

#### 4) Link L records to receipts

```
update a set

receipt_id = c.id

from f_statement a

join F_STATEMENT b on a.stat_ref = b.stat_ref and b.stat_p_acc_ref = -1

join receipts c on c.id = b.stat_no

where a.stat_type = 'L' and a.stat_p_acc_ref not in (-1,-2,-3,-4,-5)
```

5) Update allocations that are over allocated

```
update a set
       was_stat_no = coalesce(a.was_stat_no, a.la_stat_no),
       la stat no = b.new stat no
     from f line alloc a
    join (
        -- these are the line allocations that need to change
        select x. la_no, x.LA_STAT_NO bad_stat_no, f.STAT_NO new_stat_no from (
        select row_number() over (partition by w.receipt_id order by w.stat_pt_numb desc ) rn, v.*
        from F_LINE_ALLOC v
        join f_statement w on v.la_stat_no = w.stat_no
        where v.la_stat_no in (select a.stat_no from F_STATEMENT a
        join receipts b on a.receipt_id = b.id
        left join (select sum(la payment) payment, la stat no from F LINE ALLOC group by la stat no) c on c.LA STAT
NO = a.stat_no
        where b.batch_account_id is not null and b.batch_account_id <> " and a.stat_display <> 0 and a.stat_status <
> 'A'
        and (c.payment <> a.stat_credit))
        join f statement b on x.la stat no = b.stat no
        join (select row_number() over (partition by a.receipt_id order by a.stat_pt_numb desc ) + 1 rn, a.receipt_id, a.st
at_no, a.stat_credit, a.stat_pt_numb from F_STATEMENT a
        join receipts b on a.receipt id = b.id
        left join (select sum(la_payment) payment, la_stat_no from F_LINE_ALLOC group by la_stat_no) c on c.LA_STAT_
NO = a.stat_no
        where b.batch_account_id is not null and b.batch_account_id <> " and a.stat_display <> 0 and a.stat_status <
> 'A'
        and c.payment is null
        and b.id in (select b.id from F_STATEMENT a
        join receipts b on a.receipt_id = b.id
        left join (select sum(la_payment) payment, la_stat_no from F_LINE_ALLOC group by la_stat_no) c on c.LA_STAT_
NO = a.stat_no
        where b.batch_account_id is not null and b.batch_account_id <> " and a.stat_display <> 0 and a.stat_status <
> 'A'
        and (c.payment <> a.stat_credit))
        ) f on f.receipt_id = b.receipt_id and f.rn = x.rn and f.STAT_CREDIT = b.STAT_CREDIT and f.stat_pt_numb = b.ST
AT_PT_NUMB
        where x.rn > 1
        ) b on a.la no = b.la no and a.la stat no = b.bad stat no
```

### 6) Lastly ensure line\_allocation\_logs match f\_line\_alloc

```
update a set

was_stat_no = a.la_stat_no,

la_stat_no = b.la_stat_no

from line_allocation_logs a

join F_LINE_ALLOC b on a.la_no = b.la_no

where b.was_stat_no is not null
```

#### 7) Delete old batch payments

```
delete from f_statement where stat_p_acc_ref = -1
```

```
update a set
    refund_id = b.stat_no
    from medicare_payment_reports a
    join f_statement b on a.statement_id = b.stat_no
    where b.stat_type = 'C' and b.stat_debit > 0 and b.stat_credit = 0
```

#### Convert Refunds - Create

```
INSERT INTO refunds(
  id.
  [number],
  patient_id,
  guarantor_id,
  amount,
  [date],
  reversed,
  note,
  detail,
  receipt id,
  medical_provider_id,
  created at,
  updated_at
)
select
a.stat_no id,
a.stat_ref[number],
c.id patient_id,
null guarantor_id,
a.stat_debit amount,
a.stat_date [date],
case when a.stat_display = 0 and a.stat_status = 'A' then true else false end reversed,
a.stat_note AS note,
a.stat_detail detail,
d.id receipt id,
a.stat ass numb medical provider id,
coalesce(a.created_at, a.stat_date_created, a.stat_date) created_at,
coalesce(a.updated_at, a.stat_date_created, a.stat_date) updated_at
from F_STATEMENT a
join people b on a.stat_pt_numb = b.unique_id
join patients c on c.person_id = b.id
left join (select *,
      row_number() over (partition by [number]} order by updated_at desc) rn
      from receipts
      ) d on d.[number] = a.stat_xref_rec_no and d.rn=1
where a.stat_type = 'C' and a.stat_debit > 0 and a.stat_credit = 0
```

#### 1) Link Transactions to Refunds

```
update a set
    refund_id = c.id
from f_transaction a
    join f_statement b on a.trans_stat_no = b.stat_no
    join refunds c on c.id = a.trans_stat_no
    where b.stat_type = 'C' and b.stat_debit > 0 and b.stat_credit = 0
```

```
update a set

refund_id = c.id,

stat_type = 'L',

was_refund = true

from f_statement a

join refunds c on c.id = a.stat_no

where a.stat_type = 'C' and a.stat_debit > 0 and a.stat_credit = 0
```

### **New Tables**

- Receipts do not access directly, use v\_receipts
- Refunds do not access directly, use v\_refunds

### **New Columns**

Table	Column	
medicare_payment_reports	medicare_processing_report_id - Added index	
medicare_payment_reports	claim_id - Added index	
medicare_payment_reports	claim_transaction_id - Added index	
service_configuration_mappings service_configuration_id - Added index		
service_configuration_mappings referral_id - Added index		
service_configuration_mappings health_fund_id - Added index		
service_configuration_mappings professional_category_id - Added index		

## **Changed Views**

Table	Change
v_age_accounts	Altered source of data
v_ledger	Altered source of data
v_transaction_links	Altered source of data
v_reconcillations	Altered source of data

## Changed Columns

• Service Configuration Mappings - health\_fund\_id, service\_configuration\_id, referral\_id, professional\_category\_id all have indexes now

### **Deleted Tables**

None

## **Deleted Columns**

None